# Skull – communication



Multimedial Unit of Dept. of Anatomy JU













# Anterior cranial fossa

## The floor:

- Cribriform plate of ethmoid
- Orbital parts of frontal
- Lesser wings of sphenoid
- Body of sphenoid anterior to prechiasmatic sulcus

## Contents:

- Frontal lobes of brain
- Olfactory bulbs
- Olfactory tracts
- Anterior meningeal vessels (from anterior ethmoid)

## **Communication:**

- Through cribriform plate of ethmoid with the nasal cavity Contents:
  - Olfactory fila
  - Anterior athmoidal vessels and nerves

- 2. Through foramen cecum with the nasal cavity
  - Extension of dura mater
  - Small vein connecting veins of nasal cavity and superior sagittal sinus



# Middle cranial fossa

It consists of the central (body of sphenoid) and two lateral parts. Lateral parts consist of:

- Greater wing of sphenoid
- Squamous parts of temporal
- Anterior surfaces of pyramids of temporal

## The border between the anterior and middle cranial fossa

Posterior margins of lesser wings of sphenoid

Sphenoidal limbus



## The border between the middle and posterior cranial fossae:

- Superior margins of the petrous parts of temporal
- Dorsum sellae

#### Contents:

#### **Central part**

- Interbrain
- Intercavernous sinuses

#### Lateral part

- Temporal lobes of brain
- Cavernous sinus
- Cranial nerves II VI
- Internal carotid arteries
- Middle meningeal vessels
- Greater and lesser petrosal nerves



## **Cavernous sinus**

## Contents:

- Internal carotid artery
- Cavernous plexus
- Abducens nerve
- Lateral wall of cavernous sinus contains:
- Oculomotor nerve
- Trochlear nerve
- Ophthalmic nerve
- Maxillary nerve

## Communication of middle cranial fossa:

- Through superior orbital fissure with the orbit Contents:
  - Oculomotor nerve
  - Trochlear nerve
  - Ophthalmic nerve
  - Abducens nerve
  - Sympathetic postganglionic axons of the cavernous plexus
  - Superior ophthalmic vein
  - Superior branch of the inferior ophthalmic vein
  - Ramus of middle meningeal artery

### 2. Optic canal – with orbit

• Optic nerve

• Ophthalmic artery

- 3. Foramen rotundum with pterygopalatine fossa: maxillary nerve
- 4. Oval foramen with infratemporal fossa: mandibular nerve; venous plexus

- 5. Foramen lacerum with region of cranial base
  - Greater petrosal nerve
  - Deep petrosal nerve
  - Branch of artery of pterygoid canal
  - Emissary vein of foramen lacerum

6. Through the sphenopetrosal fissure with external cranial base

– Contains lesser petrosal nerve

 Foramen spinosum : with infratemporal fossa – contains nervus spinosus and middle meningeal artery 8. Hiatus for canal of greater petrosal nerve: with the genu of facial canal

Contains: greater petrosal nerve; petrous branch of the middle meningeal artery

9. Hiatus for canal of lesser petrosal nerve – with tympanic cavity

Contains: lesser petrosal nerve and superior tympanic artery

**10**. Carotid canal – with external cranial base

Contains: internal carotid artery; venous cavernous plexus; sympathetic cavernous plexus



## Posterior cranial fossa

## Is limited by:

- Dorsum sellae
- Clivus
- All parts of occipital
- Petrous and mastoid parts of temporal
- Grooves for transverse sinuses

## Contents:

- 1. Medulla oblongata
- 2. Pons
- 3. Cerebellum
- 4. Cranial nerves VII-XII
- 5. Basilar artery with ramifications
- 6. Basilar venous plexus
- Venous dural sinuses: occipital, marginal, transverse, sigmoid, petrosal

## Communication:

- 1. Foramen magnum with vertebral canal
  - Medulla oblongata with meninges
  - Vertebral arteries
  - Basilar venous plexus
  - Posterior spinal arteries
  - Anterior spinal artery
  - Meningeal branches of spinal arteries
  - Spinal accessory nerves

## 2. Jugular foramen with parapharyngeal space

- Inferior petrosal sinus
- Glossopharyngeal nerve
- Posterior meningeal artery
- Sigmoid sinus
- Vagus nerve
- Accessory nerve
- Meningeal branch of vagus

## 3. Internal acoustic pore with internal acoustic meatus

- Labyrinthine artery and vein
- Facial nerve
- Intermediate nerve
- Vestibulocochlear nerve
- Vestibular ganglion

4. Mastoid foramen with external cranial base

Contains: emissary mastoid vein; mastoid branch of occipital artery

5. Condylar canal with external cranial base

Contains: emissary condylar vein

External aperture of vestibular aqueduct with vestibular aqueduct
Contains: endolymphatic duct

**Temporal fossa** 



## Limitations:

- Medial wall: parietal bone, squamous temporal, temporal surface of frontal, temporal surface of greater wing of sphenoid
- Anterior wall: temporal surface of frontal; temporal surface of zygomatic
- Lateral limitation: zygomatic arch



## Contents:

- Temporalis muscle
- Middle temporal vessels
- Deep temporal vessels
- Zygomaticotemporal branch of the zygomatic nerve
- Connective tissue

## Superficially to the temporal fascia one can find the following:

- Superficial temporal vessels
- Superficial temporal branches of the auriculotemporal nerve
- Temporal and zygomatic branches of the facial nerve

# Infratemporal fossa

## Limitations:

- Superior wall: infratemporal surface of the greater wing of sphenoid
- Anterior wall: infratemporal surface of maxilla
- Lateral wall : mandibular ramus
- Medial wall: lateral pterygoid plate





### Contents:

- Medial and lateral pterygoid muscles
- Second portion of maxillary artery with its ramifications
- Mandibular nerve nervus spinosus; anterior division to mm. of mastication; buccal nerve – next V3 divides into lingual, inferior alveolar, and auriculotemporal nerves
- Otic ganglion
- Chorda tympani
- Pterygoid venous plexus



## **Communication:**

- Through the pterygopalatine fissure with pterygopalatine fossa
- Through the inferior orbital fissure with orbit
- Through foramen ovale with the middle cranial fossa
- Through the foramen spinosum with the middle cranial fossa
- Through the mandibular foramen with the mandibular canal
- Through the mandibular notch with the superficial facial region (contains masseteric vessels and nerve)

# **Retromandibular fossa**

## Limitations:

- Anterior: mandibular ramus
- Posterior: mastoid process of temporal
- Superior: tympanic part of temporal
- Medial: styloid process of temporal with structures attached: stylohyoid, stylopharyngeus, styloglossus muscles, and stylohyoid and stylomandibular ligaments

## Contents:

- Deep part of parotid gland
- Facial nerve and its branches
- Auriculotemporal nerve
- External carotid artery and maxillary artery
- Retromandibular vein

# Pterygomandibular space

#### Limitations:

- Lateral: mandibular ramus
- Medial: interpterygoid fascia and medial pterygoid muscle
- Superior: interpterygoid fascia, extending between pterygoid muscles
- Anterior: buccopharyngeal raphe
- Posterior and medial: infratemporal fossa
- Posterior: retromandibular fossa



## Contents:

- Inferior alveolar nerve, vein, and artery
- Middle meningeal artery
- Deep temporal vessels
- Muscular branches
- Pterygoid venous plexus
- Lingual nerve
- Chorda tympani
- Mylohyoid nerve and vessels
- Buccal nerve



The main application of anatomical knowledge on pterygomandibular space is anesthesia of inferior alveolar nerve!!!